14th International Symposium on the Biology and Management of Coregonid Fishes

WebCoregonid2020



Oral presentation

Session: Theme: 2. Genetics & evolutionary ecology

Organised by University of Jyväskylä, Finland

Sponsored by:







ddRADseq for European whitefish (*Coregonus lavaretus*): Genome wide markers for genomic selection and studies of genome and population evolution

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15.6.2020

Objective: A method to generate genomic data for whitefish genomic selection

Motivation:

The 2nd most valuable farmed fish species in Finland.

Objective:

- Genotyping by Sequencing method
- 1. Laboratory protocol
- 2. Bioinformatic protocol

Impact:

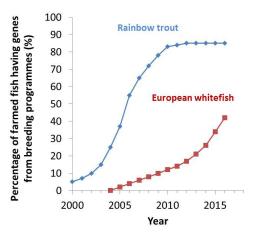
• Enable genomic selection.





European whitefish Coregonus lavaretus breeding programme







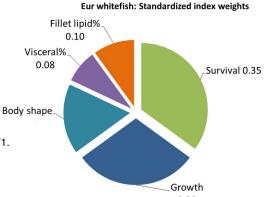






Started in 2002 4th generation now Around 70 families every year

Janhunen et al. (2017). Aquaculture 481: 229-238. Kause et al. (2011). Journal of Animal Science 89: 959-971. Antti.Kause@luke.fi



Genomic selection: DNA variation of individuals is used to predict the genetic superiority of parents for improved product quality, disease resistance and production efficiency

• More accurate selection, new traits







This project has received funding under Kolarctic CBC programme 2014-2020 with a contract number 4/2018/095/KO4058 'ArctAqua - Cross-border innovations in Arctic aquaculture'

ArctAqua – Cross-border innovations in Arctic aquaculture

European whitefish Coregonus lavaretus

Spotted wolffish

Artic charr

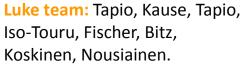
Coregonus group



- **KOLARTIC EU CBC Cross Border** Cooperation project
- November 2019 November 2022
- Coordinator: Jose Beirão (Nord Uni, Norway)
- 8 industry and research partners
- To intensify SMART SPECIALISATION of aquaculture in artic areas
- Species of national interest

Luke's main research task: Develop reproduction technologies and genomic tools for genomic selection in European whitefish (siika) national breeding programme







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Blue bioeconomy

Genomics and breeding



Breeding and genetics of aquaculture species

Broodstock management concepts

Genome based tools for breeding

Sustainable use of aquatic ecosystems



Sustainable and profitable fisheries

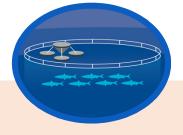
Rebuilding migratory fish populations

Viable fish for releases

Conservation and management of threatened species

Spatial planning in waters

Blue **Production**



Sustainable production of aquatic organisms

Recirculating and offshore aquaculture production, methods and technologies

Aquatic feed solutions

Symbiosis concepts

Value-added food and aquabiomass products



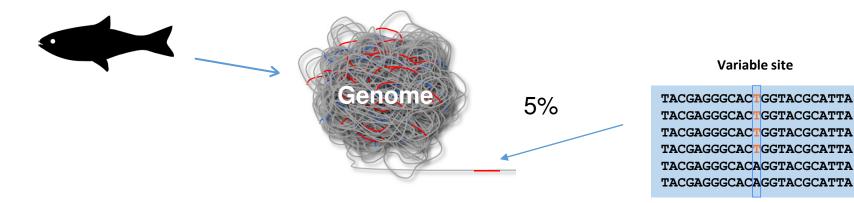
Fractionation and valorisation of aquatic biomass to added value products

Aquatic value chains

Valorisation of algae production

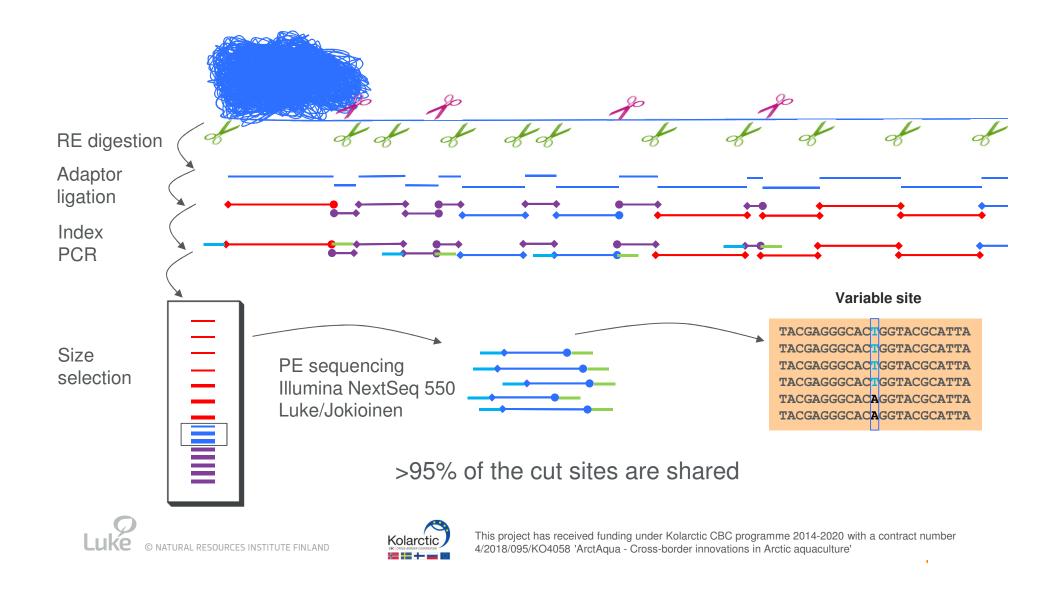


Genotyping By Sequencing (GBS)



15000 – 70000 genome segments

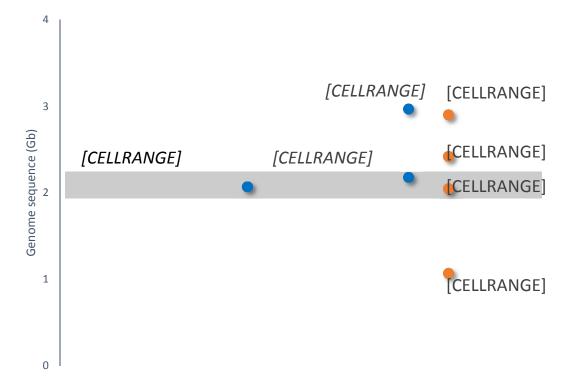








Whitefish genome



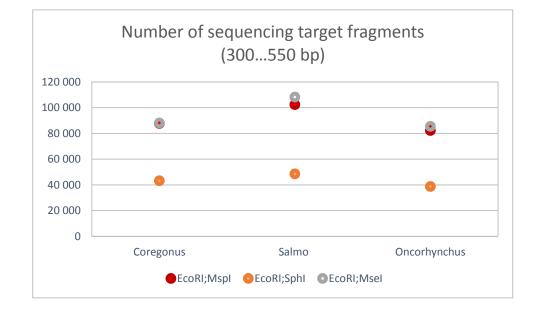


Enzyme choice

- Optimal target length and number
 - Length 2xRL... 500 bp
 - 10...100x sequencing coverage
- Combining iteratively:
 - 1. Enzymes
 - Short enough (300...550bp)
 - Optimal number (50...100k)
 - 2. Included size range of fragments
 - 3. Sequencing protocol
 - Single end / paired end
 - Read length (RL)

SimRAD (Lepais & Weir (2014))



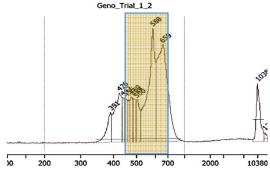


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Data generation protocol

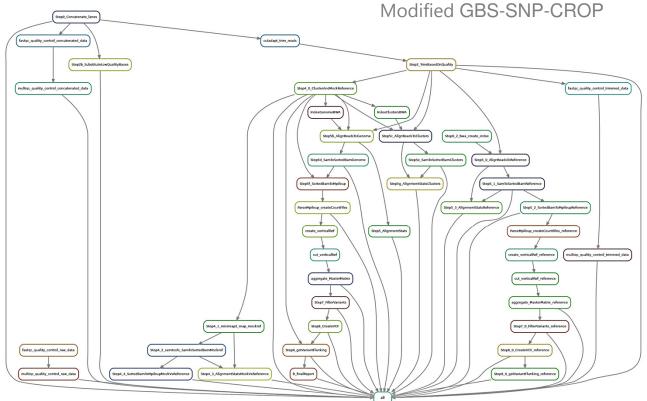
- Double Digestion with EcoRI and SphI
- Ligation with common adapters
- Library preparation using Phusion-polymerase and Nextera XT indices
- Size selection on a gel: 450–700 bp fragment length
- Sequencing on NextSeq550: Paired-end (2x150)





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Bioinformatic pipe



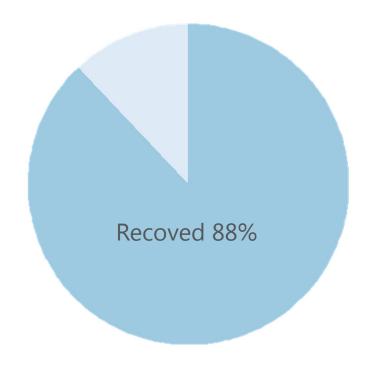
Tools in each stage

- FastQC, MultiQC
- PEAR, vsearch
- 3. bwa
- samtools
- R



Experimental fragment recovery

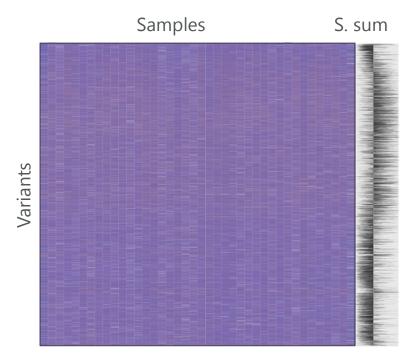
Expectation: 43,241 fragments





Data set pruning

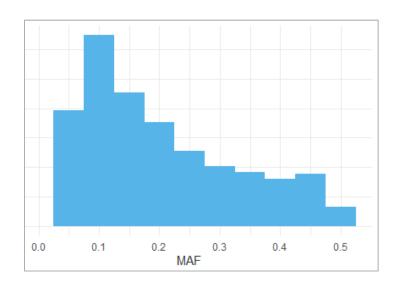
- Excluding samples with >10% missing
- Removing exceptionally low/high read count loci
- -> 14 485 variable markers



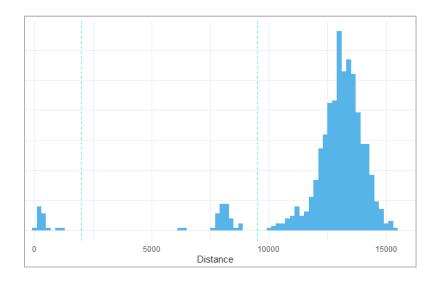


Assessing marker patterns

Distribution of Minor Allele Frequencies



Distribution of Manhattan distances





15.6.2020

Summary

- Established 15 000 marker candidates
- Developed a method to score.
- These can be used as markers for breeding, identification and management purposes.
- -> Facilitates genomic breeding and research immediately.
- Enables generating other genotyping methods.
- Next steps
 - Further optimization to improve consistency and reduce the price.
 - Assigning to genome.
 - Generating genomic data for Finnish whitefish breeding program for genomic selection.



Thank you!



